

IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL

NEW DELHI BENCH

Appeal No.749/252/ND/2018

IN THE MATTER OF:

SHRI RADHA KRISHAN TRAVELS PRIVATE LIMITED & ORS
...Petitioner

VERSUS

THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES
...Respondent

Order Delivered on: 26.09.2018

CORAM:

MS. INA MALHOTRA, MEMBER (JUDICIAL)

MS. DEEPA KRISHAN, MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

Present: Ms. Rashmi Chopra with Ms. Asiya, Advocates.

For Respondent: Ms. Kusum Yadav, Company Prosecutor, ROC.

Mr. Deepak Anand, Standing Counsel for IT

Dept. with Mr. Aayushmaan Vatsayayang,

Advocates.



ORDER
Per: DEEPA KRISHAN, MEMBER (T)

1. The erstwhile director of Shri Radha Krishan Travels Private Limited & Ors bearing CIN No.:U63040DL2007PTC163471 has filed the present appeal, invoking the provision of section 252 of the Companies Act, 2013 for restoration of the name of the petitioner company in the register maintained by the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana.
2. As per the averments, by Shri Radha Krishan Travels Private Limited & Ors, it was incorporated on 16.05.2007 having its registered office at C/O A K Das, B-62/1, Prayavaran Complex, Said Ulajab, Neb Sarai, South Delhi, Delhi, 110030, within the jurisdiction of this Tribunal. The main object of Company is “to carry on the business of tour and travel”.
3. It is submitted by the appellant that a sweeping action was initiated by the ROC at the instance of MCA in striking of the names of several Companies who had failed to file their Statutory Returns. The appellant has filed its last Annual Returns and balance sheet for the financial year ending 31.03.2008, thereby giving rise to the surmise that the business of the company was not in

operation. Consequently its name was struck off by the Respondent from the Register of Companies under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013, upon taking steps in accordance with law and issuing a notification in the Official Gazette. The name of the effected companies was posted on its website.

4. The appellant company admits its default in carrying out the statutory compliances, but submits that the same was on account of lack of knowledge and negligence. The copies of the Bank Statement and Income Tax Return have been placed on record to show that the business of the company was in operation.

5. In order to sustain the said plea, the petitioner has placed before us the following evidence:

- i. Copies of Acknowledgement of Income Tax Returns for the Financial Years 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, and 2014-15.
- ii. Copies of Bank Statement from October 03, 2015 to September-2018.

6. The provisions pertaining to restoration of the name of the company has been provided in Section 252 of the Companies Act,



2013 and the same envisages that if the Tribunal is of the opinion that the removal of the name of the company from the register of the companies is not justified in view of the absence of any of the grounds on which the order was passed by the Registrar, it may order restoration of the name of the company in the register of companies. Further, restoration may also be directed by the Tribunal if it is just and equitable to restore the name of the company in the Register of Companies.

7. On perusal of the documents referred to in paragraph 5 above, a reasonable presumption can be inferred that the company was active before being struck off from the register. The assumption of ROC that the company was not in operation was founded merely on grounds of non-filing of the Statutory Returns. The Act itself provides for redressal of these defaults. Merely to disallow restoration on grounds of its failure to file annual returns would neither be just nor equitable. As per several decisions of various Courts it should only be in exceptional circumstances that Court should refuse restoration where the company has been struck off for its failure to file annual return as that would be excessive or inappropriate penalty for that oversight.




8. Accordingly, the petition is allowed subject to payment of costs of Rs. 25,000/- to the Prime Minister Relief Fund. The restoration of the petitioner company's name in the Register will be subject to their filing all outstanding documents for the defaulting years as required by law and completion of all formalities, including payment of any late fee or other charges which are leviable by the respondent for the late filing of statutory returns. The name of the petitioner company shall then stand restored in the Register of the Registrar of Companies, as if its name of the company had not been struck off in accordance with Section 248(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with all consequential effects and benefits.

9. The direction for freezing the Bank Account(s) of the appellant company, if on this ground, shall consequently be also set aside immediately to enable the company carry out its business operation. Compliance of this order for restoration shall be made by the respondent with all its consequential effects within one week of compliance by the appellant.

10. The petition is disposed of accordingly.



11. Let the copy of the order be served to the parties.


Deepa Krishan

Member (T)


Ina Malhotra

Member (J)