

IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL
HYDERABAD BENCH, HYDERABAD.

C.A. No.105/252/HDB/2017
U/s 252 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013
R/w NCLT Rules, 2016 & R/w Rule-87A
of the NCLT (Amendment) Rules, 2017

In the matter of:

PRASAD AVENUES PRIVATE LIMITED
registered office at 6-3-871, Snehalata,
Begumpet, Green Lands Roads,
Hyderabad, Telangana-500016.

....Appellant

Versus



The Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad
For Andhra Pradesh & Telangana,
Corporate Bhavan, 2nd Floor,
GSI Post, Thatti Annaram,
Bandlaguda, Hyderabad,
Telangana - 500 068.

.... Respondent

Date of Order: 27.10.2017

C O R A M:

Hon'ble Shri Rajeswara Rao Vittanala, Member (Judicial)

Parties / Counsels present:

Counsels for the Applicants: Mr.V.Venkata Rami Reddy,
Advocate

For Respondents : Shri R.C. Mishra,
Registrar of Companies.

Per: Rajeswara Rao Vittanala, Member (Judicial)

ORDER

1. The Present Company Application bearing CA. No.105/252/HDB/2017 is filed by Prasad Avenues Private Limited, under Section 252 (3) of Companies Act, 2013 R/w NCLT Rules 2016 and R/w Rule-87A of the NCLT (Amendment) Rules, 2017, by inter-alia, seeking following reliefs:
 - a) to pass an order for restoration of the name of the applicant in the Register of Companies maintained by the Registrar of Companies, Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.
 - b) to direct the Registrar of Companies to place the Company and all other persons in the Company such as Directors, Shareholders, Employees and all other related to the Company are in the same position as nearly as may be as if the name of the Company had not been struck off from the Register of Companies.
 - c) to order that the applicant shall deliver a certified copy of the order of this tribunal to the Registrar of Companies (ROC) within 30 Days from the date of the order in physical form,
 - d) to order that upon delivery of the physical form of the certified copy of the order of this tribunal, the Registrar of Companies (ROC) enables the applicant to deliver the order through electronic mode in the form of an attachment to INC-28 or with any other



relevant form as prescribed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

- e) to order that upon such delivery, the Registrar of Companies (ROC) do, in his Official Name and Seal, publish the order in the Official Gazette enabling the Company to be in the Register of Companies maintained by ROC.
- f) to allow the Applicant to file pending Financial Statements and Annual Returns with ROC within 30 days, from the date of enabling the applicant by ROC in his portal, to file such documents under e-filing with requisite fee and additional fee as prescribed under Section 403 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of Companies (Regulation of offices and Fees) Rules, 2014, or on or before a date prescribed by the Hon'ble Tribunal etc



2. Brief facts of the case, as mentioned in the application, are as follows:

- a) Prasad Avenues Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as Company) was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 3rd November, 1997 as a Private Limited Company with the Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad.
- b) The Company is established with main objects to carry on the business of sale and purchase of immovable and landed properties, to survey, sub-divide, improve and develop lands for the purpose of sale or otherwise to acquire, improve, develop and exercise all rights and or otherwise, deal with property of all kinds, movable and immovable, lands, buildings, apartment undertakings, concessions, manage residential and

commercial sheds, houses or enlarge, and other properties convenient for the purpose of property development etc., and its Authorized Share Capital of the Applicant is Rs.7,00,00,000/- divided into 70,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each and Paid-up Share Capital of the Applicant is Rs.3,11,02,000/- divided into 31,10,200 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

- c) The details of Directors as per the Master data maintained by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs including their date of appointment and DIN numbers as on the date of this Application are furnished hereunder:



S. No	DIN	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment
1	00283366	Sagi Prasad Raju	Director	23/02/1998
2	00283410	SagiVasundhara	Director	30/08/2004
3	01822979	GottumukkalaRavikumarRaju	Director	27/10/2005

- d) The Company is Carrying out its business successfully from the date of its incorporation and is conducting the Meetings of Board of Directors as well as General Meetings regularly in Compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 as well as the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 whichever is in force at the relevant period. The Company has filed its returns up to the financial year ended 31st March, 2014 with Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad.
- e) The Company has held its Annual General Meetings for the Financial Years ended 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2016 on 26th

September 2015 and on 29th September 2016. The Company has earned a revenue of Rs.33,25,000/- and Rs.37,08,922/- during the financial years 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. The Company is regular in paying its Income Tax and filing the returns with the Income Tax Department.

- f) The Register of Companies has struck off the name of the applicant Company, from Register of Companies maintained by ROC, under Sub Section (1), (4) and (5) of Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 Notice in Form No.STK-1 vide No.ROCH/248(1)/Removal/28285/2017 dated:17.03.2017, Public Notice in Form No.STK-5 vide No.ROC/HYDERABAD/STK-1/Reviseddated:05.05.2017 and Form No.STK-7 vide No.ROC(H)/248(5)/STK-7/2017 dated 21.07.2017. The said notices have given an effect of Striking off and Dissolution of the Applicant Company and the Company's Master Data maintained by the ROC in the MCA portal is also showing the company status as "Strike Off".



3. Heard Mr. V. Venkata Rami Reddy, learned counsel for the Appellant Company and Mr. R.C.Misra, Registrar of Companies.
4. Mr.V.V.R.Reddy, learned Counsel for the Appellant raised several objections like notices were not properly addressed, Paper publication was not made against the Appellant Company in leading newspapers as substitute service, filing of Income Tax Returns with the Income Tax Department regularly, and the

Annual Returns for the Financial year 2012-13. However, in order of run the business of Company without involving in litigation, the Company is prepared to file all pending Annual Accounts and the annual Returns pertaining to the three Financial Years 2014-15 and 2015-16 within the time stipulated by the Tribunal and also pay the required Compounding Fee / Additional fee in accordance with the Rules. Therefore, he submits that the Tribunal may take a lenient view in restoring the Company's name on the Roll of Registrar of Companies.

5. He has also relied upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court in the matter of Purushottamdass and Anr. (BulakidasMohta Co. P Ltd.) Vs. Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, &Ors., (1986) 60 Comp Cas 154 (Bom), by inter-alia stating that;

“the object of Section 560(6) of the Companies Act is to give a chance to the Company, its members and creditors to revive the company which has been struck off by the Registrar of Companies, within period of 20 years, and given them an opportunity of carrying on the business only after the company judge is satisfied that such restoration is necessary in the interest of justice.”

6. Mr.Ramesh Chandra Mishra, ROC by reiterating the averments made in his report Ref. No.ROCH/LEGAL/SEC252/028285/PrasadAvenues/STACK/2017, dated 13.10.2017 asserting that the impuged action was taken strictly in accordance with law, has further submitted that the Tribunal may consider the case of the Company subject to filing all



pending returns namely annual returns, balance sheets with fee and addl. fees as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. It may also be directed to ensure statutory compliance of applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 without any delay in future. However it is submitted that the impugned notices are issued strictly in accordance with law.

7. In order to examine the issue of striking off companies, it is necessary to advert to relevant provisions in Companies Act, 2013. And the relevant provisions are sections 248 and 252 of The Companies Act 2013.

Chapter XVIII deals with Removal of Companies from the Registrar of Companies.

Power of Registrar to remove name of company from register of companies

248 (1) Where the Registrar has reasonable cause to believe that—

- (a) *a company has failed to commence its business within one year of its incorporation;*
- (b) *the subscribers to the memorandum have not paid the subscription which they had undertaken to pay within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of incorporation of a company and a declaration under sub-section (1) of section 11 to this effect has not been filed within one hundred and eighty days of its incorporation; or*
- (c) *a company is not carrying on any business or operation for a period of two immediately preceding financial years and has not made any application within such period for*



obtaining the status of a dormant company under section 455, he shall send a notice to the company and all the directors of the company, of his intention to remove the name of the company from the register of companies and requesting them to send their representations along with copies of the relevant documents, if any, within a period of thirty days from the date of the notice.

(5) At the expiry of the time mentioned in the notice, the Registrar may, unless cause to the contrary is shown by the company, strike off its name from the register of companies, and shall Gazette of this notice, the company shall stand dissolved.

(6) The Registrar, before passing an order under sub-section (5), shall satisfy himself that sufficient provision has been made for the realisation of all amounts due to the company and for the payment or discharge of its liabilities and obligations by the company within a reasonable time and, if necessary, obtain necessary undertakings from the managing director, director or other persons in charge of the management of the company:

Provided that notwithstanding the undertakings referred to in this sub-section, the assets of the company shall be made available for the payment or discharge of all its liabilities and obligations even after the date of the order removing the name of the company from the register of companies.

Appeal to Tribunal deals with under Section 252 of the companies' act, which reads as follows:



252 (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the registrar, notifying a company is dissolved under section 248 May file an appeal to the Tribunal within a period of three years from the date of the order of the Registrar and if the Tribunal is of the opinion that the removal of the name of the company from the Register of companies is not justified in view of the absence of any of the grounds on which the order was passed by the registrar, it may under restoration of the name of the company in the register of the companies; provided that before passing any order under this section that liberal shall give a reasonable opportunity of making representations of being heard to the register, the company and all the persons concerned:



Provided further that if the register is satisfied that the name of the company has been struck off from the register of companies either inadvertently or on the basis of incorrect information furnished by the company or its directors, which requires restoration in the register of companies he may within a period of three years from the date of passing of the order of dissolving the companies under section 248, file an application before the tribunal seeking restoration of name of such company

(2) A copy of the order passed by the Tribunal shall be filed by the company with the registrar within 30 days from the date of the order and on receipt of the order the Registrar shall cause the name of the company to be restored in the register of companies and shall issue a fresh certificate of incorporation

(3) If a company or any member or creditor or workmen d feels aggrieved by the company having its name struck off from the Register of companies, the Tribunal on an application made by the company, member, creditor or workmen before the expiry of 20 years from the publication in the official Gazette of the notice under subsection (5) of section 248 may if satisfied that the company was, at the time of its name being struck off, carrying on business or in operation or otherwise it is just that the name of the company be restored to the Registrar of companies, order the name of the company to be restored to the Registrar of companies, the Tribunal may, by the order, give other such directions and make such provisions as deem just for placing the company and all the persons in the same position as merely as may be in the name of the company had not been struck off from the Register of companies.



8. As stated supra, there is a prescribed procedure under the Act as to how the Registrar of Companies to strike off from the Register of companies. By reading of averments made in the application and the submission made by the Learned Registrar of Companies, the impugned notices have been issued in accordance with law as stated supra. However, before taking final action to strike off a Concerned Company U/s 248(5), the Registrar of Companies, is under duty to follow proviso 6 of section 248, which mandates the Registrar of Companies to satisfy himself that sufficient provisions has been made for realisation of all amounts due to the Company and for payment or discharge of its liabilities and obligations etc. In the instant case, as stated supra,

the Company is carrying on its normal business as per balance sheets, Income Tax returns etc which are filed along with application. Therefore, in the interest of Company and its employees and public employment, the case has to be considered favourably. The employees are to be paid their wages for the services rendered. And thus striking off the name of Company would also result in serious repercussions like Debit Freeze accounts of the Company with its Bankers etc. Therefore a lenient view, as expeditiously as possible, is required to be taken in the instant case.

9. As per section 252 (3)as extracted above, a Company, or any member or creditor workman, if they feel aggrieved by striking off its name can approach the Tribunal by way of application , before expiry of 20 years after date of publication. On being filed an application, the Tribunal can order to restore striking off company on its role, if it is satisfied that the company was, at the time of its name being struck off, carrying on business or in operation or otherwise it is just that name of a company be restored to the Registrar of companies.



As narrated supra, it is not in dispute application has been filed by properly authorised person on behalf of Company, it is within limitation and it is carrying on business even by time of impugned action, and it has suitably explained the reasons for not filing required documents with Registrar of Companies, which ultimately leads to impugned action.

10. The Ministry of corporate affairs has issued a notification dated 26 December 2016 framing the

rules under section 248 known as companies (Removal of names from the ROC) Rules 2016

Rule 3 (2) and (3) are relevant to the present case, which is extracted below for ready reference:

“3(2): for the purpose of sub rule (1) The Registrar shall give a notice in writing in the form of STK-1 which shall be sent to all the Directors of the company at the addresses available on record by registered post with acknowledgement due or by speed post

3(3): The notice shall contain the reasons on which the name of the company is to be removed from the Register of companies and shall seek representations, if any against the proposed action from the company and its directors along with the copies of the relevant documents if any, within a period of 30 days from the date of notice

Manner of Publication of Notice:

The rule 7 is read as to manner of publication of notice:-(1) the notice under subsection (1) or subsection (2) or section 248 shall be in form STK -5 or STK-6 , as the case may be and be-

- (I) placed on the official website of the Ministry of corporate affairs on a separate link established on such other website in this regard
- (II) Published in the official Gazette
- (III) Published in English language in leading newspaper and at least once in vernacular language in leading vernacular language newspaper, both having wide circulation in the



state in which the registered office of the company is situated

Rule 9 deals with the Notice of striking off and dissolution of the company.

11. Article 19(g) in the Constitution of India 1950, confers right to all citizens of India to practice any profession or to carry on any occupation, Trade or Business.

In accordance with this Constitutional provision, the Companies Act of 2013 also confer such rights to its citizen by permitting them to incorporate a Company under the Act to carry on any profession, Trade and Business. In the instant case, it is not in dispute that the Company is incorporated in accordance with Act and prima facies to prove that the Applicant Company is following all extant provisions of companies Act in consonance with its Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company till the impugned violation(s) are noticed. It is not in dispute that Registrar of the Companies is empowered to take the impugned action and only the point here is that he has to strictly comply with provisions as extracted above. A Court/Tribunal cannot interfere with normal activities of business of a Company being carried on in accordance with law unless any serious violation of law committed by a Company. As stated supra, the impugned violations are not so severe so as to take serious view of it. Moreover, the Company has come forward to file all required documents comply in accordance with law along prescribed/additional fee along with fine. It is also relevant to point out here that there is no bar



for a Company, which is struck off, can register new company, in accordance with law.

12. As stated supra, the Company is a running entity and earning revenue of Rs. 33,25,000/ during 2014-15 and 37,08,922/- during 2015-16 and striking off the Company would adversely the business of Company , it shareholders, employees and public at large. In terms of section 248(6) of Act as extracted supra, the above consequences are required to be looked into while passing final order under 248(5) of the Act. It is no doubt that the Company, on its part, is under statutory obligation to comply with all extant provisions Companies Act, 2013. The Company is now satisfactorily explained to Tribunal the reasons for the delay in filing statutory returns in question and expressed its willingness to file them along with payment of prescribed fee.



As stated supra, the Learned ROC also did not oppose the Appeal but it can be considered subject to compliance of statutory provisions and undertaking etc.

13. In light of aforesaid facts and circumstances of case and the extant of provisions of the companies Act 2013 and rules here under, I am satisfied that the applicant Company has filed the present application within prescribed time under law, and also shown sufficient reasons to order Restoration of its name in the Register of companies maintained by the Registrar of Companies. Therefore, the Company application deserves to be allowed, however, subject to filing all pending returns, Annual returns, Balance sheets, statements etc., along with prescribed and addl. fee under law. And also subject to giving

undertaking that they would not resort to such type of violations in future.

14. By exercising the powers conferred on this Tribunal under Section 252 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 87A of NCLT (Amendment) rules 2017 R/w NCLT Rules, 2016, the Company application bearing CA No.105/252/HDB/2017 is disposed of with the following directions:

- 1) The Registrar of Companies, the respondent herein, is ordered to restore the original status of the Applicant Company as if the name of the company has not been struck off from the Register of Companies, and to take all consequential actions like to place the Company and all other persons in the Company such as Directors, shareholders etc in the same position as available before the impugned striking off the Company;
- 2) The Applicant Company is directed to file all the statutory document(s) along with prescribed fees/ additional fee/fine as decided by ROC within 45 days from the date on which its name is restored on the Register of companies by the ROC;
- 3) The Company's representative, who has filed the Company application is directed to personally ensure compliance of this order.
- 4) The restoration of the Company's name is also subject to the payment of cost of Rs 1,00,000/- (Rupees one lakhs only) to be paid into the account of Pay and Accounts Officer(PAO) Ministry of Corporate Affairs payable at Chennai;



- 5) The applicant is permitted to deliver a certified copy of this order with ROC within thirty days of the receipt of this order.
- 6) On such delivery and after duly complying with above directions, Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad is directed to, on his office name and seal, publish the order in the official Gazette;
- 7) This order is confined to the violations, which ultimately leads to the impugned action of striking of the Company, and it will not come in the way of ROC to take appropriate action(s) in accordance with law, for any other violations /offences, if any, committed by the applicant company prior or during the striking off of the company.



Sd/-
RAJESWARA RAO VITTANALA
MEMBER (JUDICIAL)

lh
Dy. Regr./Asst. Regr./Court Officer/
National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench

प्रमाणित प्रति
CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

केस संख्या
CASE NUMBER. *CA.No.105/252/HOB/2017*
निर्णय का तारीख
DATE OF JUDGEMENT. *27-10-2017*
प्रति तैयार किया गया तारीख
COPY MADE READY ON. *14-12-2017*